

# **Quality by Design (QbD) for Pre-Filled Syringes (PFS)**

**Paul Seminara CEng MBA**

**Balcary Ltd**

# What?

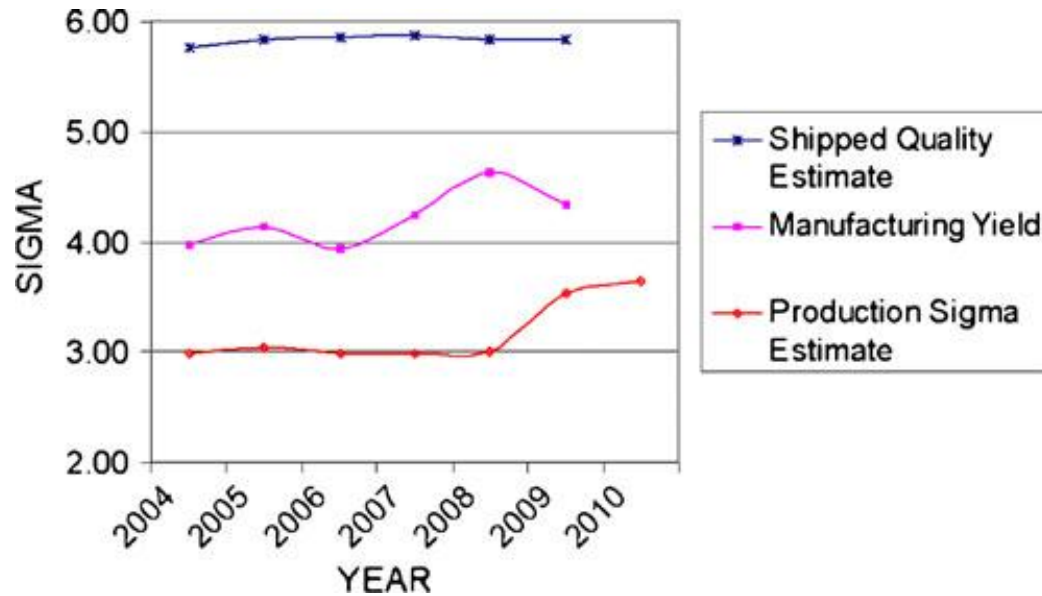
- A systematic approach to development that begins with predefined objectives and emphasises product and process understanding and process control based on sound science and quality risk management.  
[ICH Q8]

# Why?

- Protect the patient.
- Ensure that marketed batches have the same safety & efficacy profiles. Risk to the patient is minimised by decreasing variability.
- Goal : process that is insensitive to disturbances. Robust.

# Cost

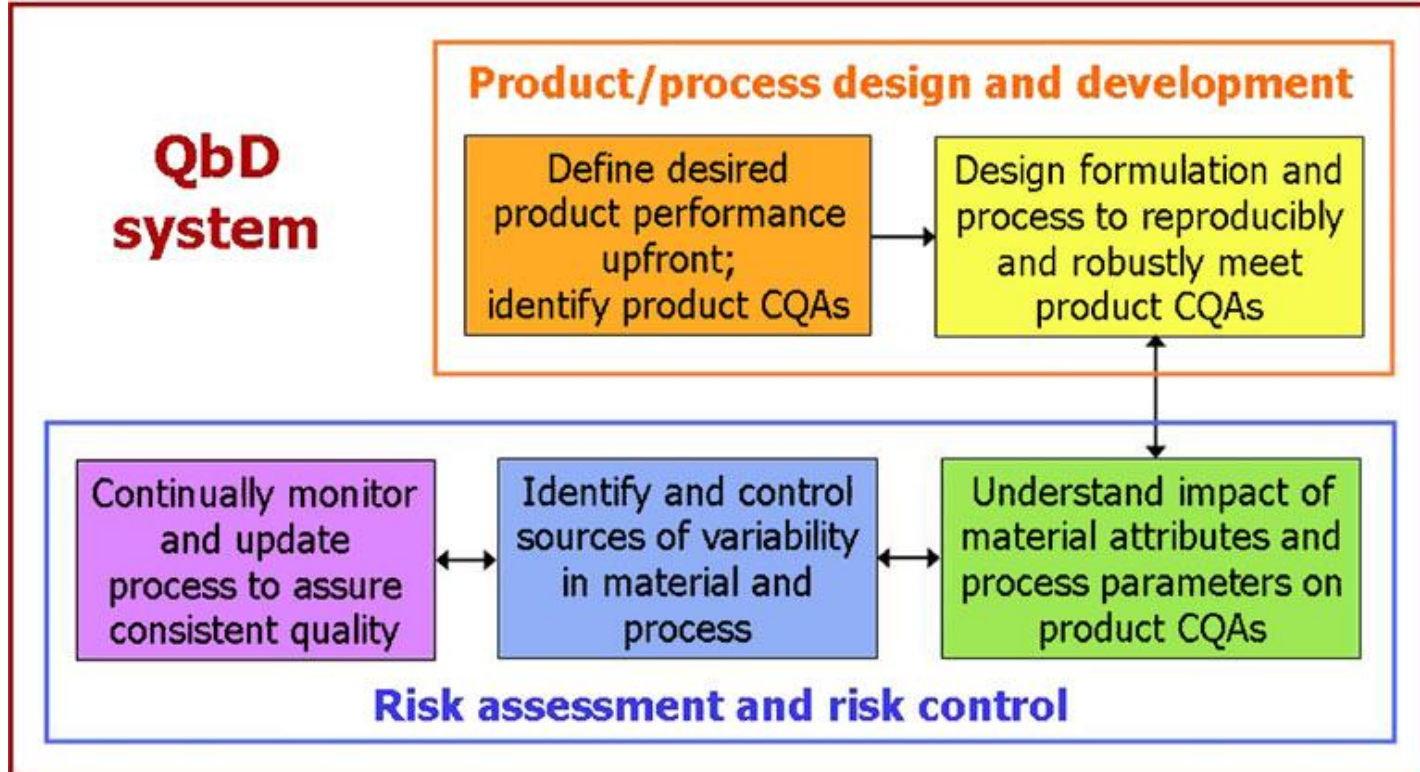
Quality sigma trends



“Ultimate success (for industry and regulators) is having affordable drugs for the patient.”

“Industry, academia and FDA must work together to find ... less costly ways to turn good biomedical ideas into safe and effective treatments.”

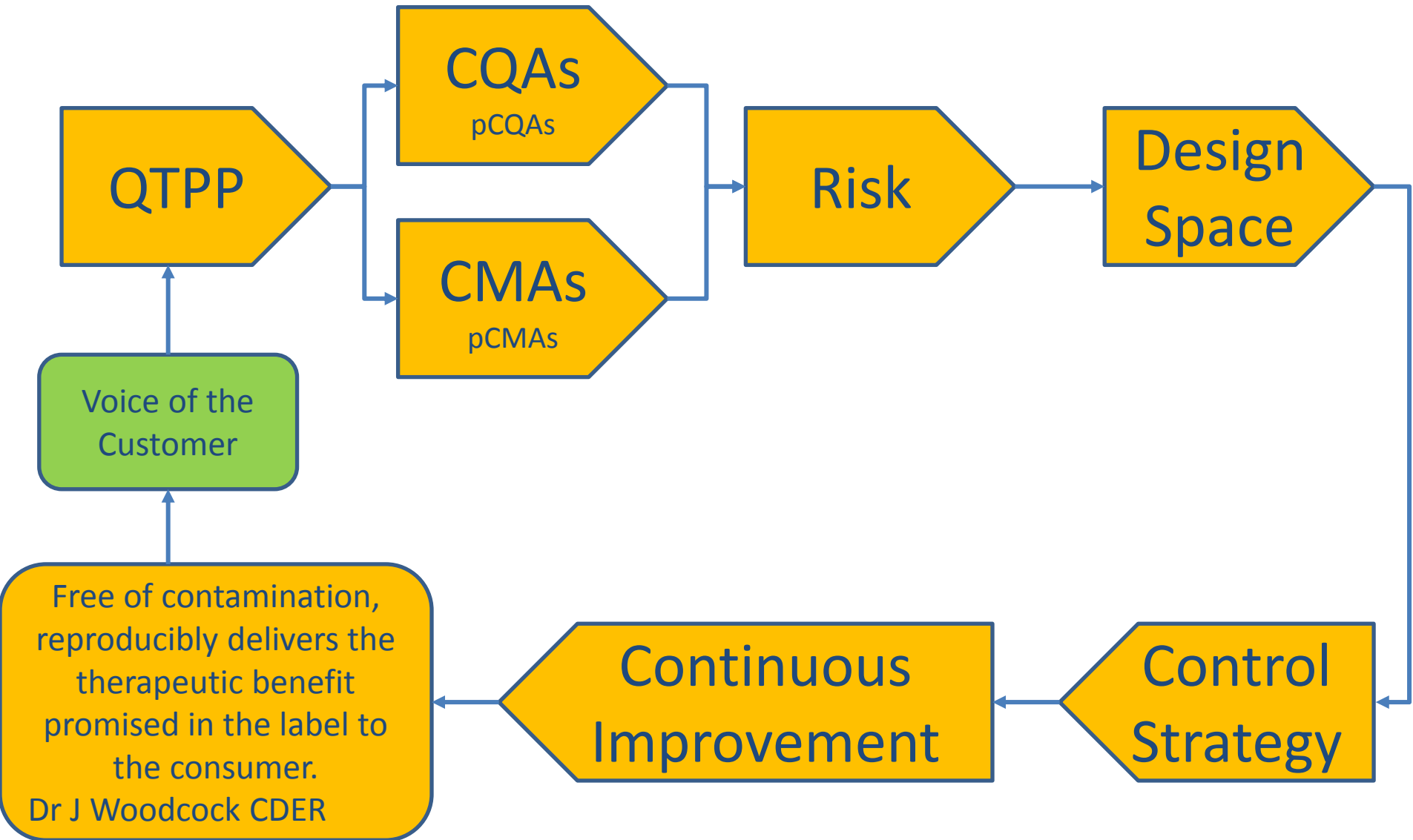
# FDA View on QbD



- Sterile products are minority dosage forms.
- Manufacturing process is extremely critical.
- Utilisation of PAT and QbD for sterile products so far is still limited.

The Agency strongly encourages the use of the QbD concept, but stability testing would continue to be part of a regulatory submission.

# QbD Implementation



# QbD

QTTP	CQAs CMAs	Risk	Design space	Control strategy	Continuous improvement
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dose form, delivery system.</li> <li>• Strength.</li> <li>• Container closure.</li> <li>• Sterility, purity.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Potential CQAs.</li> <li>• Purity, particle size, sterility, bulk density, viscosity, .</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prioritise.</li> <li>• FMEA.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CPP.</li> <li>• Map ...</li> <li>• Material and process variables.</li> <li>• to ...</li> <li>• CQAs</li> <li>• Design of Experiments.</li> <li>• Multivariate.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In-Process Controls.</li> <li>• Product specifications</li> <li>• Sterilisation parameters.</li> <li>• Bio-burden control.</li> <li>• PAT</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce variation to target values.</li> <li>• not...</li> <li>• Response to CAPA.</li> </ul>

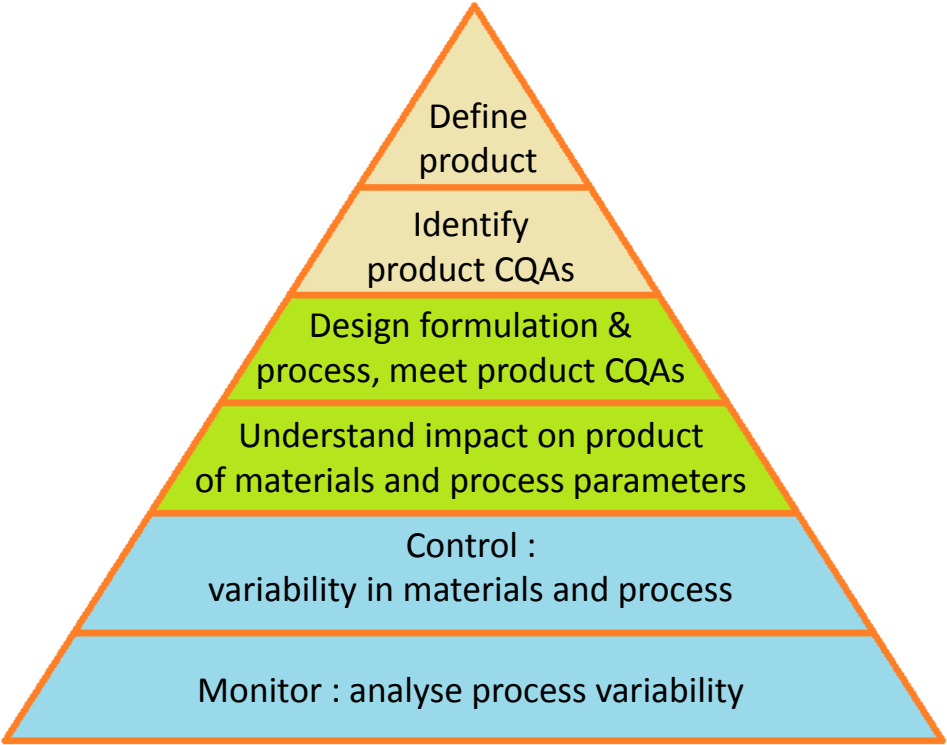
## Required

- Quality Target Product Profile
- Product understanding
- Process understanding
- Control strategy & justification

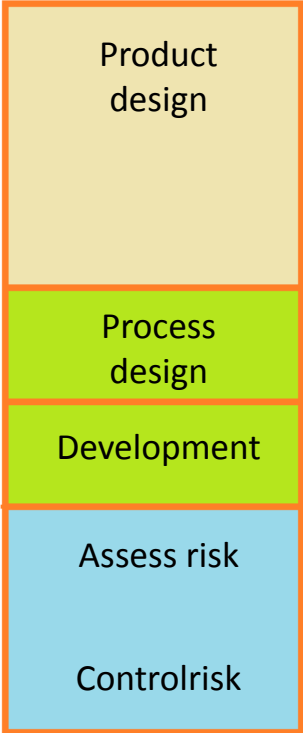
## Optional

- Design space
- Process Analytical Technology

# QbD System

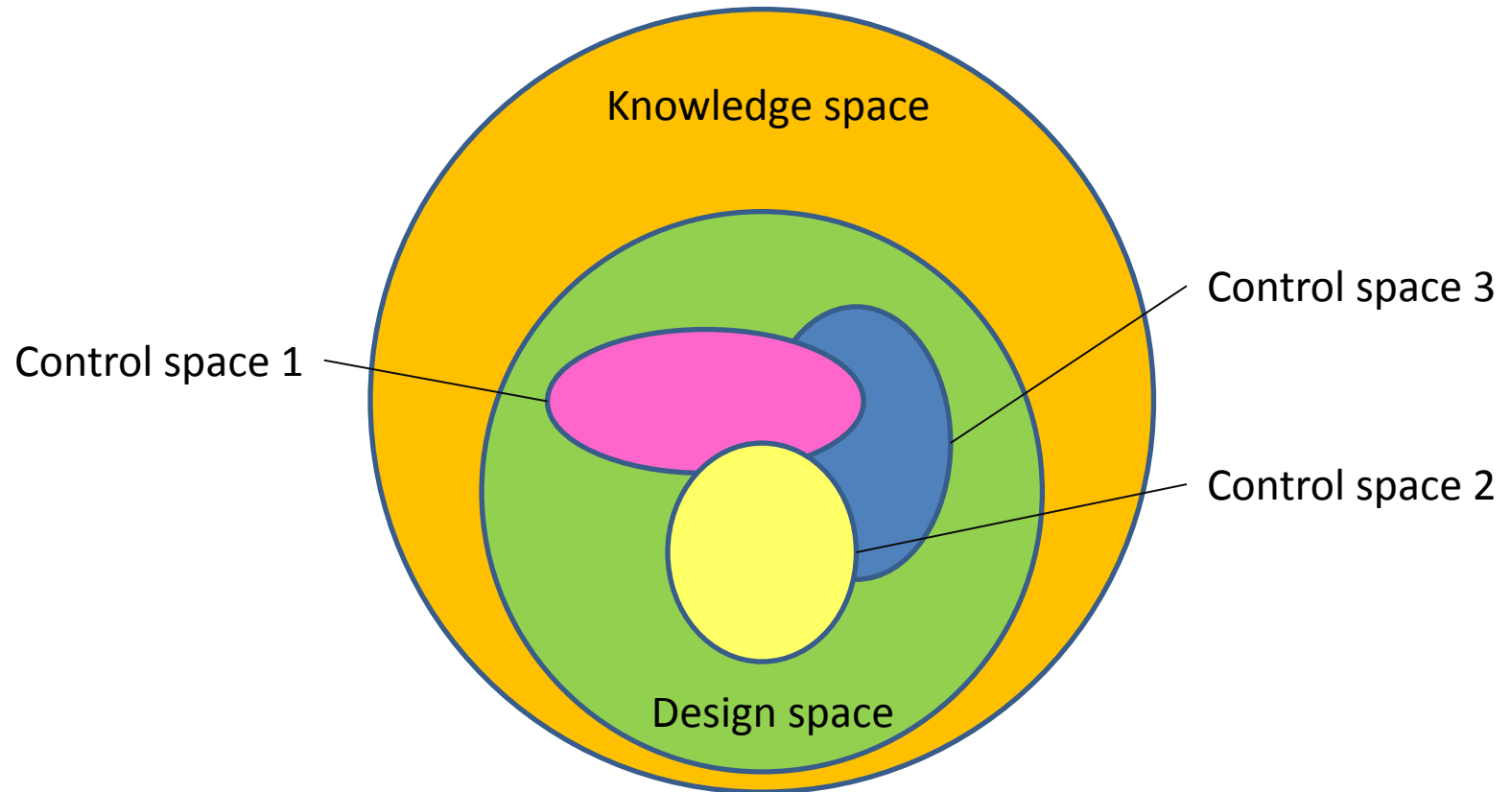


Critical Quality Attribute CQA



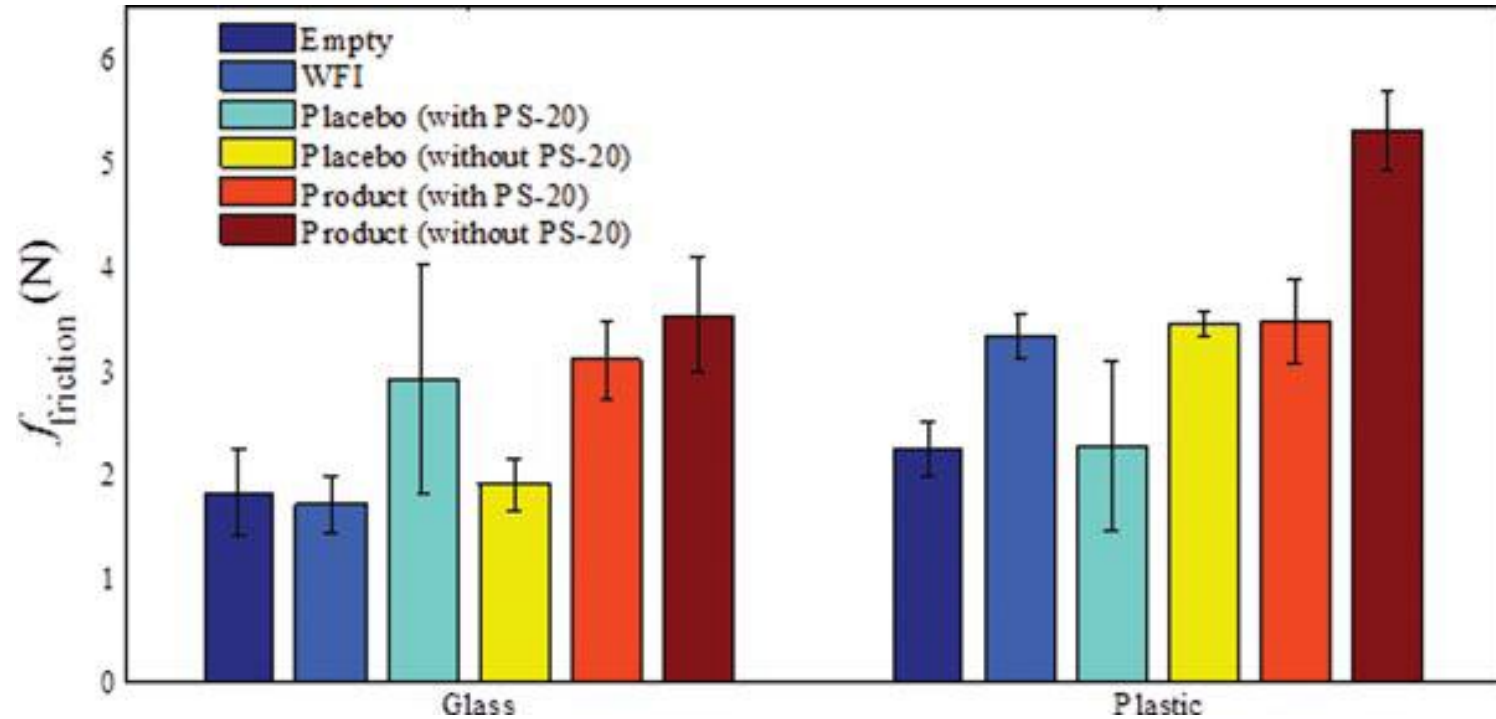


# Design Space



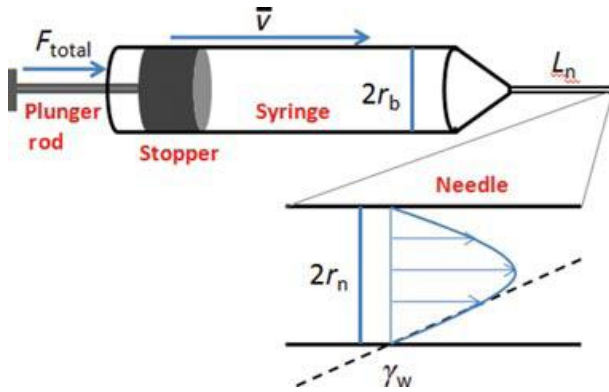
The range of possibilities within which process parameters may be varied without compromising product quality over the shelf life of the product.

# Design Space



Product–Syringe Interaction and Its Impact on  $f_{\text{friction}}$

# Design Space

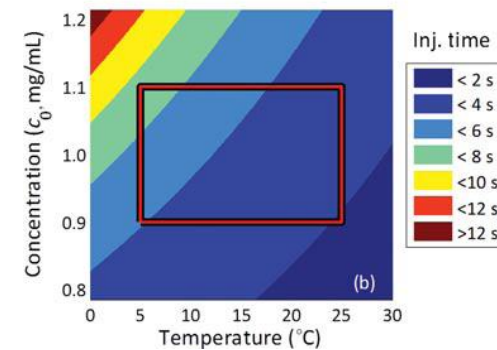
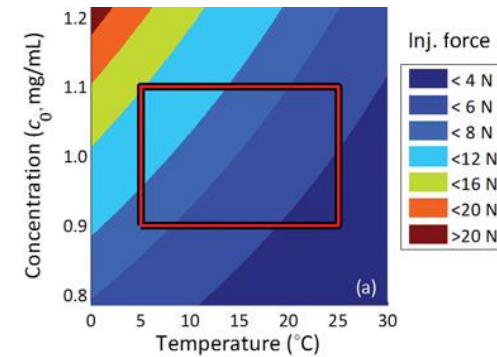
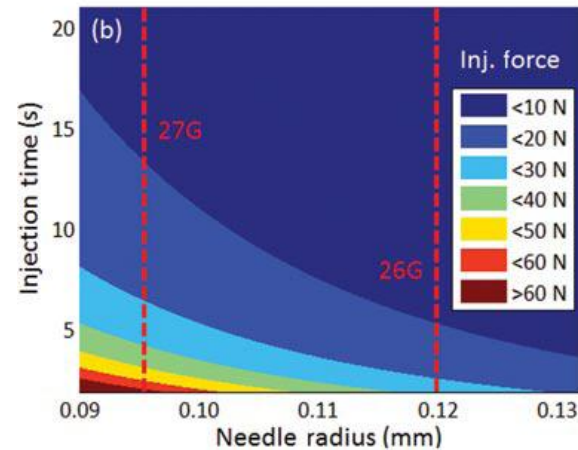
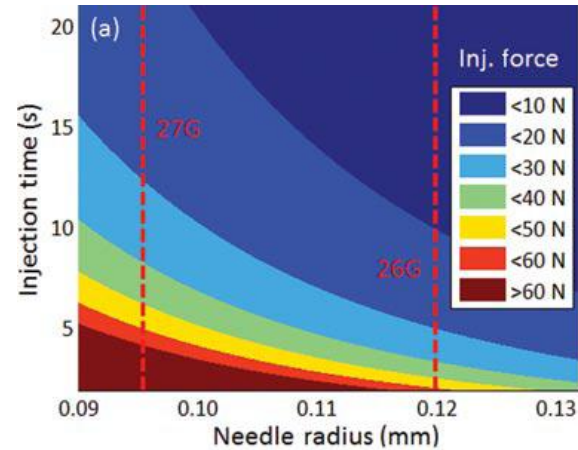


Effects of shear thinning

- Newtonian
- non-Newtonian

Effects of temperature

- Storage temperature.
- Operation at low temperature.
- Equilibration time.

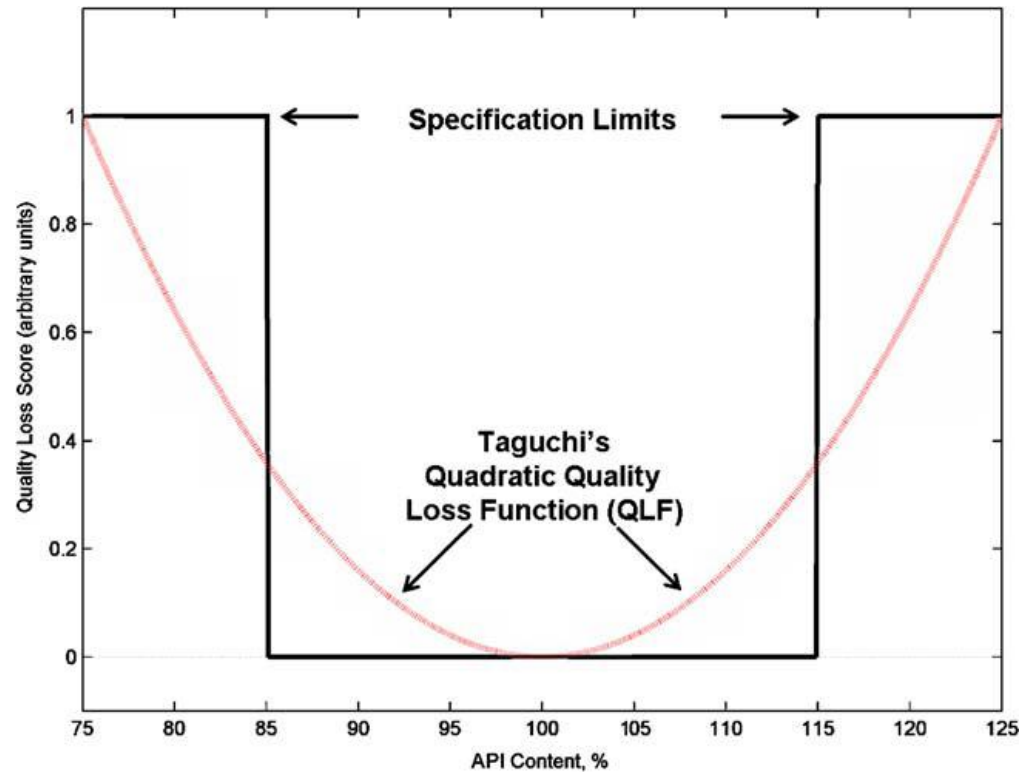


# Taguchi

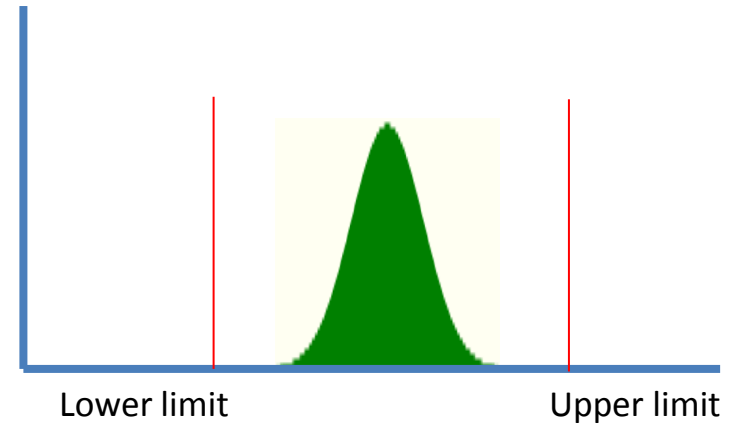
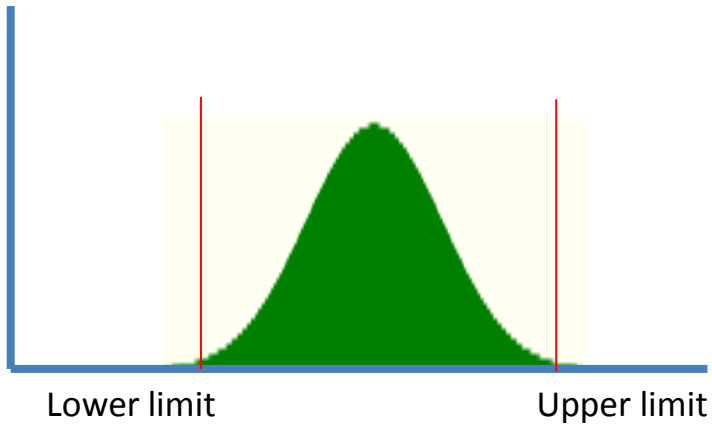
Much less attention to TPP

- Target product profile
- Product critical quality attributes (CQAs)
- Raw material attributes and process parameters
- Risk assessment
- Design space
- Control strategy
- Lifecycle management and continuous improvement

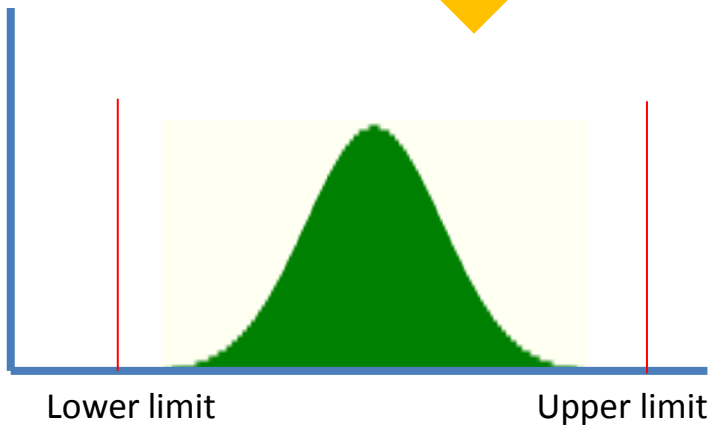
“It is just as unethical to add tremendous cost to ensure products are of good quality as it is to ship defective goods.”



# Process capability

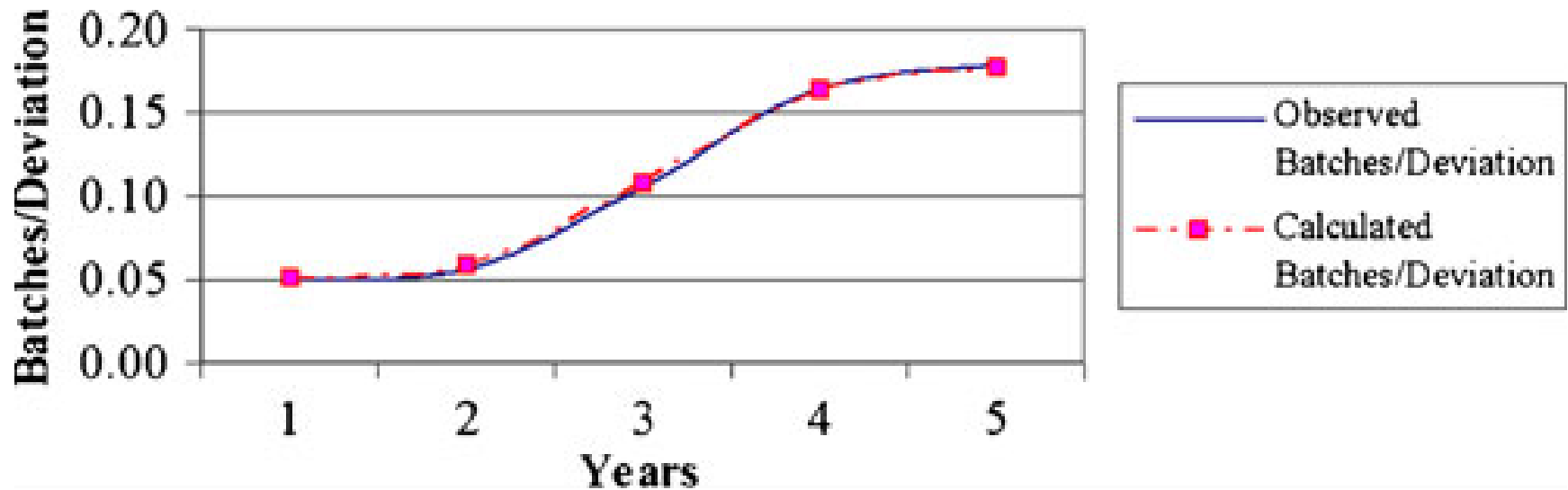


Specification



Specification

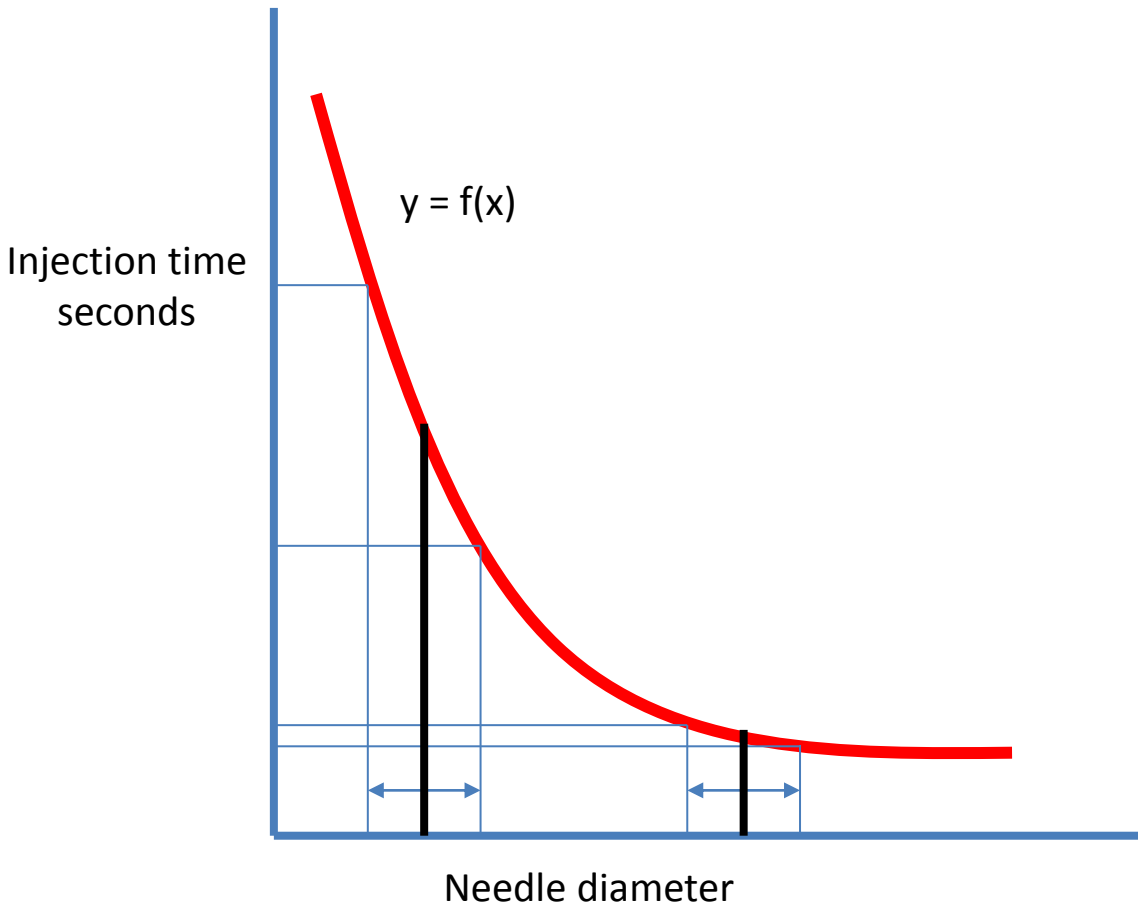
# Continuous improvement



- Reduce variability.
- Tighten specifications.
- Increase process capability.

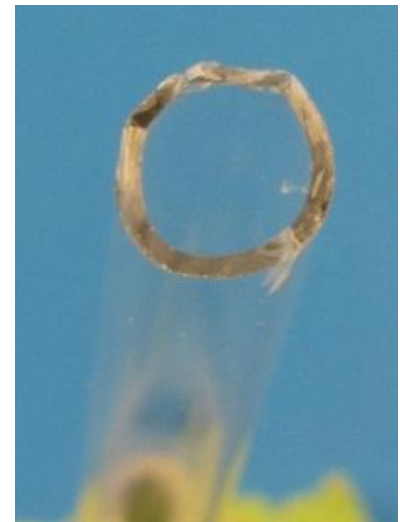
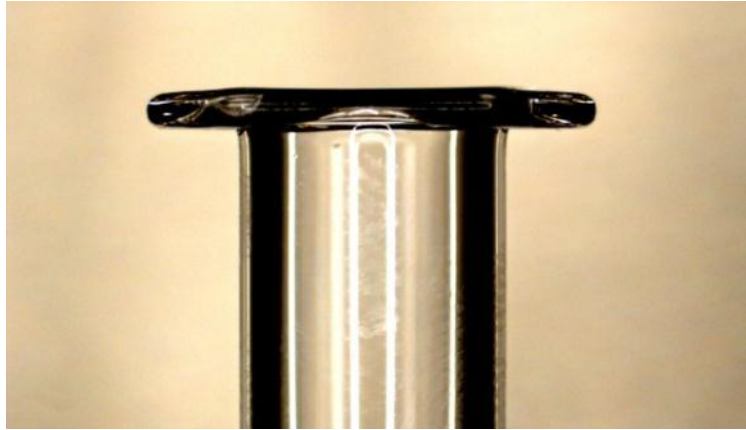
Reduce variability about nominal  
Vs.  
Respond to CAPA.

# Robust operation



1. Understand the process – the shape of the function.
2. Find operating conditions under which process and product quality are insensitive to normal variations & disturbances.
3. Set specifications on materials and upstream processes to limit disturbances.
4. Use data – DoE.

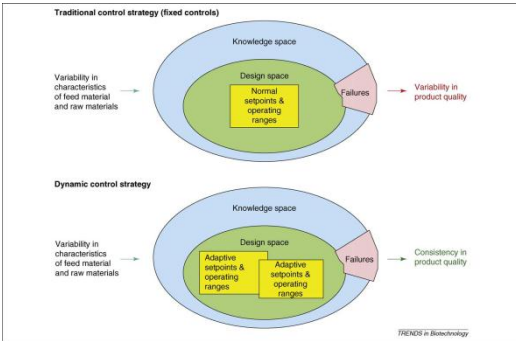
# Design robustness



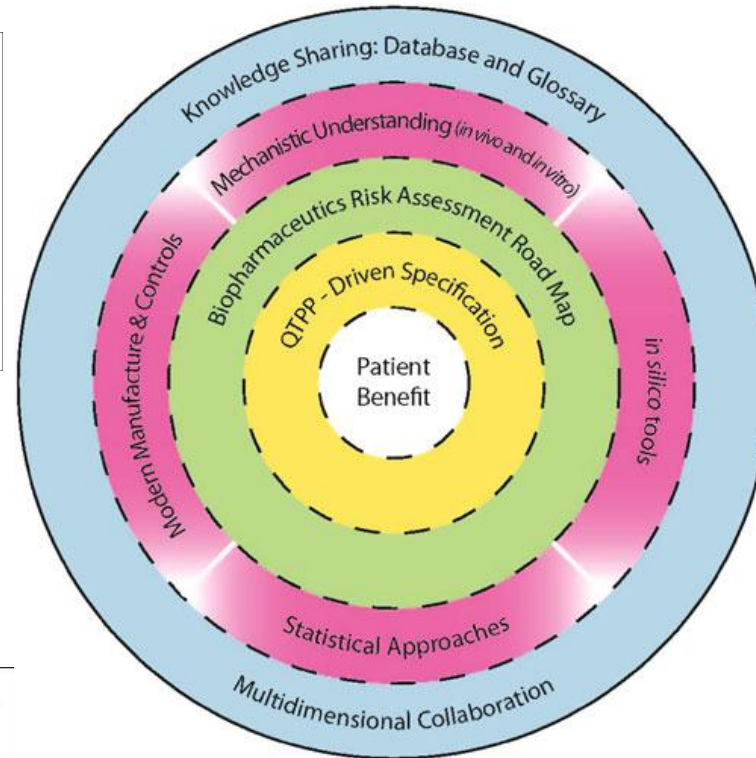
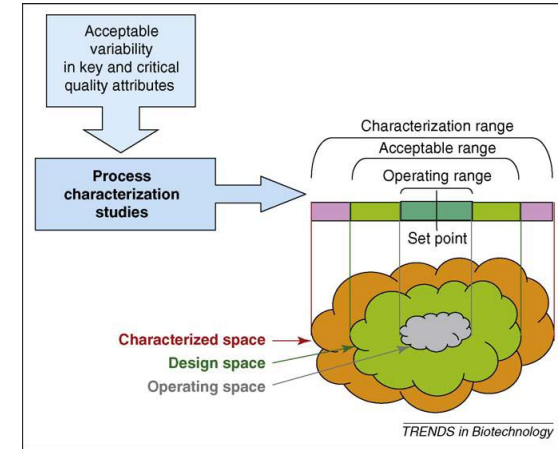


# Quality by Design

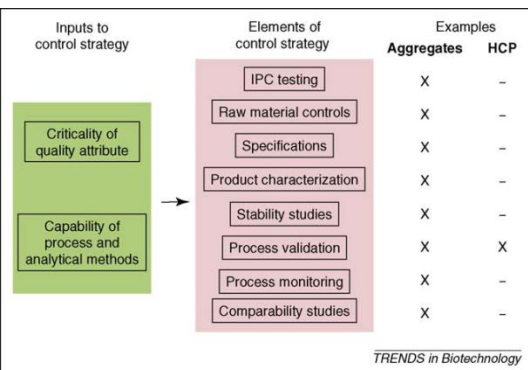
## Control strategy



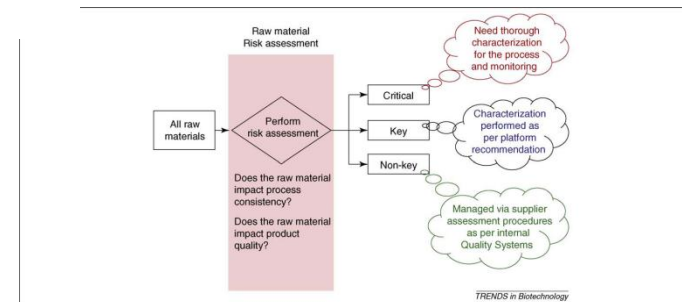
## Design space



## CQAs, CMAs



## Risk assessment



# Quality by Design

**Balcary Ltd**

**Balcary Medical Ltd**

**Visit our website at :  
Balcary.com**

**or contact me on :  
Paul.Seminara@Balcary.com**

**Technology Transfer & Design Transfer**

**Design for Manufacture**

**Scale up.**

**Pilot to Launch.**

**Manufacturing process improvement.**

**Lean Manufacturing & Six Sigma.**